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Comrade Kim Il Sung receives the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party

Comrade KIM IL SUNG
Receives Delegation of Chilean Communist Party

Comrade Kim Il Sung received on May 19 the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were Comrade Ollando Millas, Member of the Political Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Editor-in-Chief of **Principios**, theoretical organ of the Party, and the members of the delegation — Comrade Eliana Aumada, Member of the Central Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and First Secretary of the Cordillera District Committee, Santiago, of the Chilean Communist Party, Comrade Fernando Ortiz, Member of the Central Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Chairman of the Students' Commission of the Party Central Committee.

Also present there were Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Party Central Committee, and Kim Yong Nam, Vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il Sung had a friendly talk with the guests.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG
Sends Telegram of Greetings to Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of Central Standing Committee of Chongryon

Comrade Kim Il Sung sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the formation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan. The telegram of greetings reads:

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To Comrade Han Dok Su

Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan

On the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the formation of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, I, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and in my own name, extend warmest congratulations to Comrade Chairman and other functionaries of the Chongryon and the entire compatriots in Japan.

The formation of the Chongryon with the great idea of *Juche* of our Party as its only guiding compass was a historical event which marked a radical turn in the struggle and life of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan.

It was only after the formation of the Chongryon representing the unanimous will and inalienable rights and interests of the compatriots in Japan that *Juche* could be thoroughly established in the movement of the Koreans in Japan and principled unity and solidarity based on the unitary ideology of our Party be achieved. From that time the compatriots in Japan could have a reliable organization truly defending their interests and possess a clear fighting programme and scientific work method.

The glorious history which the Chongryon has had in the past 15 years has never been a smooth one. But no storm or trial could bar the vigorous onward movement of the Chongryon deep-rooted in the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese struggle.

The Chongryon has achieved great feats which will shine for ever in the history of struggle of our people for the freedom and independence of the fatherland and the liberation of the people, decisively frustrating the brutal suppression and subversive acts of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and the South Korean puppet clique, which are being all the more intensified as the days go by, and ploughing through hard trials.

In the course of fulfilling the historical mission assigned it the Chongryon has firmly armed the functionaries and compatriots with the unitary ideology of our Party, closely rallied them around the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic and built up its organisation into a reliable and organized force not shaking to any storm.

The Chongryon has honourably defended the DPRK citizenship of the Korean citizens in Japan, safeguarded their human rights and right to live and reared the younger generation into national cadres infinitely faithful to the fatherland and people by correctly embodying the idea of *Juche* of our Party in all the fields of its activity.

Upholding the line of our Party and the Government of the Republic for national unification, the Chongryon has strengthened national unity among the compatriots of all strata in Japan, powerfully supported the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people and made a great contribution to the struggle for accelerating the independent unification of the fatherland, against the crafty neo-colonialist policy of U.S. imperialism and the manoeuvres of Japanese militarism to invade South Korea again.

At the same time, the Chongryon has enhanced in every way the international prestige of our country and strengthened the external position of the Chongryon by deepening friendship and solidarity with the revolutionary peoples and progressive figures of various countries of the world including the Japanese people through active external activities.

Thus, today the Chongryon has grown into a dignified organization of overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire compatriots in Japan under the guidance of the Chongryon are doing their part in the sacred struggle for the thriving of the fatherland and prosperity of the nation as legitimate overseas citizens of the socialist fatherland, having dispelled the sorrow of the life in an alien land.

We highly appraise and are proud of all these successes and precious achievements, which are natural fruits of the patriotic devotion and unbending struggle of the functionaries of the Chongryon and the compatriots in Japan.

Now the people in the homeland are raising higher the flame of the great revolutionary upsurge for meeting the historical Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with high political enthusiasm and brilliant achievements in labour and consolidating as firm as a rock the revolutionary base of the northern half, the fountainhead of the Korean revolution and the decisive guarantee for the country's unification, politically, economically and militarily.

The South Korean people immensely inspired by the achievements of socialist construction in the northern half of the Republic, are waging a staunch struggle against the colonial, fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and for democratic freedom, national independence and the earliest achievement of the independent unification of the fatherland.

The international situation also is developing further in favour of our revolution and the just struggle of our people for the independent unification of the fatherland is enlisting ever greater international support and sympathy with each passing day.

The Chongryon is confronted today with the weighty task to make a new advance, firmly consolidating the achievements registered in the past 15 years.

The Chongryon should thoroughly arm all the functionaries and the compatriots in Japan with the unitary ideology of our Party and the brilliant revolutionary traditions and strengthen education in socialist patriotism to rally them rock-firm around our Party and the Government of the Republic on the basis of the great idea of *Juche* and strengthen the unity and cohesion in thought and will of the functionaries and the compatriots with Comrade Chairman as their centre.

At the same time, it should resolutely defend the democratic, national rights to which the overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, their glorious fatherland, are fully entitled, in face of the daily intensifying reactionary offensive of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The Chongryon should develop the democratic, national education among the compatriots in Japan and widely unfold the movement for guiding the younger generation in particular to correctly use our mother tongue and letters.

The Chongryon should also make greater contribution to achieving the peaceful unification of the fatherland by strengthening national unity with the compatriots of all strata and actively supporting and encouraging the anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people and their struggle against fascism and for democracy.

The Chongryon should enlist broad international support and sympathy for our revolution by continuously strengthening and developing the friendly bonds with the Japanese people and progressive peoples of the world.

Firmly believing that the Chongryon functionaries and the entire compatriots in Japan will successfully carry out the honorable tasks facing them, I wish Comrade Chairman and other Chongryon functionaries good health and the entire compatriots happiness.

KIM IL SUNG

Premier of the Cabinet
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

May 24, 1970

TELEGRAMS

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade **Leonid Ilyich Brezhnev**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, and Comrade **Nikolai Viktorovich Podgorny**, President of the Presidium of the USSR Supreme Soviet, and Comrade **Aleksei Nikolayevich Kosygin**, Chairman of the USSR Council of Ministers, on the centenary of the birth of Vladimir Ilyich Lenin, the outstanding Leader of the world working class and genius of mankind.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade **Gustav Husak**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, Comrade **Ludvik Svoboda**, President of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, and Comrade **Lubomir Strougal**, Prime Minister of the Government of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic, on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the liberation of Czechoslovakia.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Comrade **Choi Yong Kun**, President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, sent a telegram of greetings to Comrade **Walter Ulbricht**, First Secretary of the Central Committee of the German Socialist Unity Party and President of the State Council of the German Democratic Republic, Comrade **Willi Stoph**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the German Democratic Republic, Comrade **Gerald Goetting**, President of the People's Chamber of the German Democratic Republic, and Prof. and Dr. Comrade **Erich Correns**, Chairman of the National Council of the National Front of Democratic Germany, on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the liberation of the German people from the fascist rule.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram from **Noureddine Al-Attasi**, Head of State and Prime Minister of the Cabinet of the Syrian Arab Republic, in reply to his telegram of greetings sent on the occasion of the 24th anniversary of the independence of Syria.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a message from Prince **Norodom Sihanouk**, Head of State of Cambodia, thanking him for his telegram of greetings on the formation of the Royal Government of National Union under the Leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a telegram of greetings to **Hubert Maga** upon his assumption of office as President of the Republic of Dahomey.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea sent a congratulatory telegram to President **Dawda Kwesi Jawara** on the occasion of the proclamation of the Republic in Gambia and his assumption of office as President.

Comrade KIM IL SUNG Receives

Messages from Various Countries on the 22nd Birthday of the Korean People's Army

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great, respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, received messages from various countries on the occasion of the 22nd anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army.

A message from the attendants of a mass meeting held in Tawai district, Aden, the People's Republic of Southern Yemen, said:

On the 22nd birthday of the heroic Korean People's Army, we extend the greatest honour and warmest congratulations to Your Excellency Premier Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements and military strategist-genius.

Your Excellency, the great Leader, who are widely known to the world people as the legendary hero and the Red sun in the days of the armed struggle against the Japanese imperialists, founded the heroic Korean People's Army on February 8, 1948 even under the difficult and complicated situation after Korea's liberation to repulse the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and defend the gains of revolution by the Korean people themselves.

The Korean People's Army with Your Excellency, the great Leader, as the Supreme Commander, upholding the brilliant military strategy of Your Excellency, displayed matchless mass heroism and thus defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressor army which had boasted of being the "strongest" in the world for the first time in history and started the U.S. imperialists going downhill.

The outstanding military strategy and tactics Your Excellency have mapped out in the revolutionary activities of over 40 years, your skilful and seasoned art in the leadership of troops and your experiences gained in founding the Korean People's Army and rearing it into invincible ranks serve as a priceless treasure, wherewithal and programmatic guiding compass for us fighting against imperialism and colonialism.

We assure Your Excellency that we will continue our dynamic struggle under the unfurled banner of revolution, till we annihilate the imperialists and colonialists and their stooges, upholding the great revolutionary line put forth by Your Excellency.

A message adopted at the celebration meeting jointly sponsored by the Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association and the Pakistani Organization for Afro-Asian People's Solidarity, said:

The Korean People's Army which inherited the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle waged under the direct leadership of Your Excellency and was organized with fine sons and daughters of the Korean people has traversed the path replete with victory and glory under the sagacious leadership of Your Excellency and the Workers' Party of Korea.

During the righteous Fatherland Liberation War against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Korean People's Army defeated the U.S. imperialists who had boasted of being the "strongest" in the world and the aggressor troops of 15 of their satellite countries and thus showed the whole world the matchless bravery and unprecedented heroism, defended the freedom and independence of the country and demonstrated the invincible might of the Korean People's Army.

We are firmly convinced that the day is not far off when the U.S. imperialists who suffered a disgraceful defeat at the hands of the Korean People's Army led by Your Excellency Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, will surely be ruind.

A message from the attendants of a mass meeting held in Poul Province, the People's Republic of the Congo, said:

The Korean People's Army and the Korean people under the outstanding leadership of Your Excellency smashed the myth about the "mightiness" of the U.S. imperialists to smithereens in the Fatherland Liberation War (1950-53) and thus gave a great encouragement to hundreds of millions of people the world over in their struggle for national independence and freedom, opened the beginning of a downhill turn for the U.S. imperialists and turned our era into a new, revolutionary era of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle.

The defence capacities of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea have grown imcomparably stronger than before and have become impregnable, which are powerful enough to give the same end to any invasion of the enemy as was the case with the spy ship "Pueblo" and spy plane "EC-121."

All these are ascribable to the ever-victorious, wise leadership of Your Excellency Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, who have accumulated rich experiences in the flames of the protracted anti-Japanese armed struggle and are possessed of the great revolutionary ideas, profound revolutionary theories, outstanding leadership and high virtues.

Your great revolutionary ideas and the example set by Your Excellency in leading the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle to victory serve as a model and guiding compass for the people of the Congo who are building a new society, repelling the subversive and wrecking activities of the imperialists and reactionaries.

A message from the attendants of a mass meeting held at the Kandy branch of the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Association, wrote:

The Korean People's Army, a Marxist-Leninist armed force with a 22-year-long history, which was founded and reared by Your Excellency, has become a symbol of revolutionary dignity for newborn, independent countries of the whole world which once suffered from the imperialists' exploitation and oppression.

The great ability and combat strength of the heroic Korean People's Army well versed in Your Excellency's most pre-eminent military strategy and art in the leadership of troops, give a reliable warrant to all the anti-imperialist forces in opposing U.S. imperialist aggression.

Your Excellency, as a teacher of Marxism-Leninism, have become a bright beacon for the oppressed people who have risen for the cause of liberation.

Millions of people of the five continents, boundlessly encouraged by your great revolutionary ideas, are learning from Your Excellency's revolutionary temper, looking up to you.

A message from the attendants of a meeting sponsored by the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Association in celebration of the 22nd anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army, said:

The unparalleled example shown by the Korean People's Army in the people's revolutionary war and the patriotic war once again demonstrated the art in the leadership of troops and superiority of strategy of Your Excellency and fully confirmed the invincible strength of the Korean people who are enjoying your wise leadership.

The Korean People's Army, a matchless valiant revolutionary army of the Workers' Party of Korea under the correct Marxist-Leninist leadership of Your Excellency, humbled the pride of the arrogant U.S. imperialists in the dust and made these human butchers apologize for their criminal aggressive acts, thereby emerging itself more saliently as a bastion of world peace.

A message from the attendants of a rally held by the fighters of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement in the Congo, said:

That you organized the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army and led the 15-year-long anti-Japanese armed struggle and founded the Korean People's Army and have reared it into a matchless, steel-like army, serves as a paragon for us fighters of the people's liberation movement in Angola and other national liberation struggles, and your anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist strategy and the revolutionary ideas of self-defence in national defence become a programme of struggle for all of us.

We fighters of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement once again affirm that we will forever advance shoulder to shoulder with the Korean people in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle and give our full support to and solidarity with the Korean people in their struggle for the unification of the fatherland in future, too.

We fighters of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement in the Congo once again wish good health and a long life to you Comrade Kim Il Sung, so much precious to us, for the cause of sweeping the U.S. imperialists off the surface of the earth to the last man and bringing the unification and prosperity to Korea and finally doing away with colonialism, old and new.

Brief History of Comrade KIM IL SUNG,

the Great Leader of the 40 Million Korean People and One of the Outstanding Leaders of the International Communist and Working-Class Movements,

Carried in French Journal

A recent issue of **Cahier de L'Institut Maurice Thorez**, Party history journal of the Central Committee of the French Communist Party, published the brief history of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

The journal carried a preface captioned "Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea."

Pointing out that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea founded in 1948 has traversed a glorious path for the past 20 years and more, the preface said that the Republic has turned from a backward colonial country into a socialist country with developed industry.

Noting that today the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is a country ranking first among the Asian countries in the living standards and the level of technical and cultural development, the preface went on: These successes have been made under the conditions in which the southern half of the country is under the occupation of the U.S. imperialists and the U.S. imperialists carried on a barbarous war against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from 1950 to 1953.

The war brought great sufferings and unheard-of ravages to the Korean people, but it ended in a defeat of imperialism, the preface stressed.

It continued:

Today the trace of the war has been cleared completely of this land. New modern cities have sprung up in different places. In the newly built rural villages thatch-roofed houses have given way to modern dwelling houses. Poverty and unemployment have been eradicated.

With the enforcement of the nine-year compulsory technical education the school-age children study free of charge till working age. In towns and villages, children are playing to their hearts' content, growing up soundly in creches and kindergartens and all inhabitants enjoy the benefit of free medical treatment.

Noting that this "miracle of Korea" has not been made of itself, the preface emphasized: It is the fruition of the wise leadership, based on the principle of Marxism-Leninism, of Comrade Kim Il Sung who initiated the Korean communist movement and achieved the national independence of the Korean people.

In the Warm Bosom of the Father Marshal

It is a well-known story that Marshal Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader of the 40 million Korean people, much concerned at tender-aged Choe Yong Ok and her three sisters who, bereft of their parents in their infancy, were attending schools while keeping house all by themselves, sent them to a bereft children's school and has taken care of them with the gentle affection of a father.

Ten years flew by since little Choe Yong Ok and her sisters had the honour of meeting Marshal Kim Il Sung and being embraced in his warm bosom.

In these years they have changed beyond recognition.

The eldest one Choe Yong Suk, the then middle school girl, has now taken up teaching at a middle school on her graduation from a normal college; the next younger ones Choe Yong Ok and Choe Yong Sil are now students of the Kim Il Sung University after they were through the school; the youngest one Choe Yong Hi happily grows up and learns at the Foreign Languages School.

The three sisters Yong Suk, Yong Ok and Yong Sil were admitted into the glorious Workers' Party of Korea, and Yong Suk was elected to the district people's assembly in the recent elections to the local power organs.

All of them are now enjoying the most harmonious and happy life at a cosy flat personally provided by the father Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Here is a note of Choe Yong Suk which tells us about the Marshal's warm love for herself and her sisters. (Editor)

* *

Marshal Kim Il Sung, our father, is most tender-hearted in the world, and he loves the people as he would do his own kith and kin. Indeed our people living in the Marshal's bosom as warm as sunshine are the happiest in the world.

Everybody would feel his genial affection, but we feel it deeper in our hearts than anyone else since we have grown up in happiness enjoying warmer affection personally shown by the Marshal.

Ten years have already drifted by since the Marshal embraced us in his warm heart, feeling sorry for us who lost parents early in life.

It would be impossible for me to fully relate here what a great affection the Marshal has shown us and brought us up in happiness in these years, even if I should write volumes of books. So I would like to confine myself to only a few things that have happened of late.

It was September 8 last year. I went to Mangyongdae that day, too, since it is the place I like to visit. And it is the spiritual birthplace of the 40 million Korean people where the father Marshal was born and spent his childhood. Whenever I visit Mangyongdae which always offers attractions to my mind, I feel as if it welcomed me to nestle me in its arms. Naturally, it has become my favourate haunt.

The Marshal with Choe Yong Ok and her three sisters

That day I had a jolly time throughout and was coming back home, when several cars were seen passing by me, having sped along from behind. It was around 7 p.m.

At that time I was lost deep in a thought of the father Marshal who loves us so much and, accordingly, I paid little attention to the cars.

But one of them in the rear pulled up by me. Off the car was a personage, who asked me. "You are Comrade Choe Yong Suk, aren't you?"

He gave me a lift on acknowledging my identity and drove off. The other cars that had passed ahead were seen waiting us.

The car carrying me came to a halt by one of them. In that car I found the father Marshal with a genial smile all over his face, whom I longed for and adored, awake or asleep.

At that moment I threw myself in the Marshal's arms innocently, without offering proper greetings to him but simply crying "Father!"

"So it is you Yong Suk, beyond mistake. Where have you been off to?" asked the Marshal, stroking my hand affectionately.

The Marshal who loves us so much with a constant solicitude, noticed me even at the sight of my back in his car when it slipped me by, called a halt and sent for me.

I replied to all his questionings.

The Marshal then wanted me to come along with him to his residence, remarking that he had intended to see me for a discussion about matters concerning my future as I had been through the college.

This was how I headed for the residence of the Marshal riding precisely with him in his car.

The car soon glided into the courtyard of his residence. The Marshal's little children and the mother came out to receive me gladly, and I wondered how my coming there was brought to their knowledge. Indeed, I was also glad to see them as if to reunite with my own long-separated mother and brothers. I was led into a room by the mother and the children.

That night I stayed there for over three hours amidst the utmost affection of the father Marshal and the mother and played about merrily with their children.

The Marshal and the mother, as usual, asked me tender-heartedly, one by one, if Yong Ok, Yong Sil and Yong Hi were studying hard in good health, what I was served with at the dormitory of the college and whether I did not go hungry. And at the supper they invited me to take more, passing tasty dishes to me one after another.

The Marshal displayed tender solicitude for my future and the life of my younger sisters as a whole.

"Well, what is your future plan? Now that you have come out of the college, which do you prefer, to have a flat provided and live with your sisters or to let them fare on as they do now, each at her dormitory?" the Marshal asked me after supper.

When the father Marshal sent us to the bereft children's school, saying that little children like us could hardly attend school while keeping house by ourselves, he showed a profound concern for us so that we might share a room at the school to live all together lest we, who had lived in a house in mutual reliance after the death of our parents, should feel lonely staying in a separate room.

But on our graduation therefrom we went on to different schools of higher grade. This compelled us to live separately for the past few years.

Needless to say, we did not feel lonely at all though living separated. But, to be frank, a thought was embedded in a corner of our hearts that we would live a life in one and the same house again. The Marshal was reading our minds already.

I was so deeply touched by the warm love of the father Marshal, who showed the utmost solicitude fathoming our minds to the bottom, that I was unable to give him a reply at once, a lump standing in my throat.

The Marshal resumed his talk after a while.

"I'll tell you what. You shall have a flat provided nearby your work place, close to the schools of your sisters and not far from the supply centre, a rice-cooking factory, a grocer's shop and a laundry. Then, four of you all may get together again to live a cosy life."

And he went on quietly.

"You must be so much eager to live together since you have lived separately for several years already...."

At these words of the father Marshal I, could hardly keep back the warm tears streaming down my face.

In the days when the Marshal was beating down the enemy Japanese imperialists crossing the Paekdu ridges, he saw to it that even a sheet of blanket carried for his own use was laid over the ailing children, saying that even a hundred blankets would never give peace to his mind so long as they were without bedclothes. Even under the difficult circumstances of the war mowing down the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the Marshal embraced the war orphans in his bosom to rear them in happiness, remarking that a thought of them would keep him wide awake at midnight. Even amidst the ruins after the war, the first thing the Marshal did was to build schools for the rising generations. The father Marshal embraced us in his bosom with the warm paternal affection, sorry for us who were deprived of our parents, and enabled us to grow up receiving education without envying anyone else in the world. Now that we are all grown-ups, the father Marshal reads our minds to the bottom and takes care of us in this way. Even one's own parents would hardly show such a warm, great affection for their children as he does!

It was toward 10 p.m. that I took leave of the Marshal.

The mother favoured me with a great generosity, saying that I might find myself in want since I had just graduated from the college to take the place.

The Marshal and the mother personally came out to see me off.

I felt my heart swelling with the happiness while riding back in a car put on by the Marshal, along the beautiful night streets of Pyongyang.

"Well, your face is radiant all over, Yong Suk. There must have happened something nice to you today." When I got into my room, my roommates surrounded me with these remarks. I could not conceal my delight and happiness over the meeting with the father Marshal the thought of whom never left me, awake or asleep.

The following day I went straight to the dormitory of the Kim Il Sung University soon after daybreak, in a move to tell my younger sisters, as soon as possible, about my meeting with the father Marshal. It was September 9, our national holiday, and so it was off-day for everybody. Stepping into Yong Sil's room, I found Yong Hi at the Foreign Languages School there already and teasing her elder sister to visit me.

I related to my younger sisters all the details about how I had met the father Marshal and what he had told me. As they eagerly asked me to tell them about it over and over again, I repeated the same story many a time.

My younger sisters leapt with joy, clapping their hands innocently, over the possibility of our four sisters living together again thanks to the Marshal's favours.

A few days later on, a personage came to me from the city people's committee and told me to move into the flat designated by the Marshal.

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In the Warm Bosom of the Father Marshal

(Continued from Page 3)

Our flat selected by the Marshal was on the second floor of a nice apartment house that stands on a scenic spot by the River Taedonggang.

Yong Ok and Yong Sil, students of the Kim Il Sung University, and Yong Hi, student of the Foreign Languages School, were seen in the flat together with their classmates, when I got into there. Aunts in the neighbourhood were also there to congratulate us on moving into a new flat.

It was a two-roomed flat with highly-glazed floor, furnished with a cabinet with comfortable, clean bedclothes in it, the beds with embroidered coverlets on them, bookshelves, desks plus other furnitures and things needed in our daily life and study....

What was more, the whole set of kitchenware was neatly arranged in the kitchen—the earthenware rice pot already filled with rice, pots for oil and soy with beautiful flower-patterns, aluminium cooking pots and ketiles and even a small soypot. Added to these was a shelf with neat piles of fine ceramic and glass wares in it.

It was our home provided by the father Marshal for us the four sisters, and all in it were the household articles provided us by the father Marshal.

The Marshal's favours are higher than the mountain, deeper than the sea, the people say. The father Marshal embraced us in his warm heart, the orphan sisters living alone life, and made us grow up most happily in the world. Now that I came out of the college, he personally provided me with such a nice flat and a complete set of household articles, so that we four sisters might get together to live a harmonious life. True, even the mountain and sea are far beyond comparison with the favours of the father Marshal either in height or in depth.

The big tears of happiness rolled down the faces of us who were looking up to the Marshal's portrait respectfully placed on the wall. "High indeed are the favours of our Marshall!" the aunts in the neighbourhood said, wiping tears from their faces with handkerchief.

That night we four sisters lay down side by side, each nestling under the comfortable, clean bedclothes sent by the Marshal.

Sleep would not come though it was well past midnight. So I sat up in my bed.

The faces of my sisters who fell in a deep slumber under the comfortable bedclothes looked really lovely and as beautiful as a peony in full bloom. No one in the world would be happier than we, indeed.

The thread of my reminiscences dated back ten years unwittingly.

It was on April 29, 1960 that we were embraced in the warm bosom of the father Marshal. I was 16 years old then. The Marshal displayed so a tender solicitude for me, saying that it must have been very hard for me to attend school while keeping house together with my sisters, that I burst into a convulsive sob, nestling my head on the Marshal's breast.

"Don't cry, don't, Yong Suk. You ought not to shed tears since you are a householder...." With this, the father Marshal patted me on the shoulder to stroke me down. Even now I feel as if his voice at that time were ringing in my ears. Ten years have elapsed since we were embraced in his warm bosom.

Before my eyes floated the image of my mother, who departed from this life, saying that she was terribly sorry to leave us, yet thoughtless children, behind her though there wouldn't be much to worry about, since ours was an excellent society to live in.

Indeed, we would have been suffering a bitter fate unless we had been born into this wonderful society and unless we had been embraced in the infinitely benign bosom of the father Marshal who cherishes the great love for the people.

My dead mother would be much delighted if she knew all those facts that we grew up in the warm, paternal bosom of the Marshal, studying and playing about merrily, and have now come to live a happy life in one and the same house under his utmost care.

This was how our happy life of today began in the new home provided by the Marshal.

Even after that, the Marshal often sent the cadres to take care of us, worrying about whether we were properly keeping house, whether my sisters were attending their schools regularly and whether any of us fell ill.

On the last New Year's Eve a thing happened that moved us deeply; the Marshal personally sent us the New Year's gifts.

The personage who brought us the Marshal's gifts told us:

"The Marshal feels very sorry not to spend the New Year's Day with you."

Holding in our arms the valuable gifts permeated with the warm-hearted feeling of a real father, we were so grateful to the Marshal for his favours, who was so deeply concerned about us at all times, not forgetting us even though he was under the pressure of state affairs, big and small, that we shed tears again.

We are now enjoying a boundless happy life.

Our hearts are occupied with the one thought that we will work and study harder still so that we may become the genuine daughters of the father Marshal, the daughters of the Workers' Party of Korea who live up to his expectations.

We know well that to arm ourselves with the great revolutionary ideas of the Marshal and devote out all to the Party and the revolution in accordance with his teachings is the only way for us to repay, even though a little, the great favours of the Marshal who embraced us the orphans in his bosom and reared us with a warmer affection that even our parents could not give.

The Marshal taught me that the teaching profession was not an easy job and that it was so much important, when he allotted me to a post of teacher as I wanted to.

I am firmly determined to do my bit in educating the rising generations into the revolutionary soldiers immensely loyal to the father Marshal Kim Il Sung and into the versatilely developed fine Communists so that I may repay, even though a bit, the Marshal for his great love and utmost care directed to us.

I wish the respected and beloved father Marshal Kim Il Sung good health and a long life from the bottom of my heart.

Choe Yong Suk

A grand Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the formation of the Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan) was held on May 24 at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre.

Respectfully placed on the platform in fragrant flowers was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has led the entire Korean people and the compatriots abroad along a straight road of victory and glory and brought today's worthy, new life to the compatriots in Japan who had been languishing in the bitter lot of a ruined nation, and spread on its background was a huge flag of the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the banner of freedom, independence and happiness of our people, which the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters won at the cost of blood and fine sons and daughters of our people defended with their lives in the great Fatherland Liberation War, under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The meeting was attended by a large number of working people of all strata in Pyongyang, the capital of the revolution, functionaries of Party and government organs and public organisations and compatriots who are leading a new life full of hope after returning to the socialist fatherland by the sea route of repatriation opened by the respected and beloved Leader.

Present there together with working people in the city were Comrades Choi Yong Kun, Kim Gwang Hyop, Nam Il, Li Jong Ok, Pak Jong Ae, So Chol, Kim Jung Rin, Sok San, Chong Jun Taek and Han Ik Su; and other leading functionaries of Party and government organs and public organisations.

When Kang Hui Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee, declared the meeting open, the band struck up the Patriotic Song with solemnity.

Comrade So Chol, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Party Central Committee, made a report at the meeting.

The reporter, to begin with, recalled that the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan was formed on May 25, 1955, under the wise leadership and paternal solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader and great sun of our nation.

Under the Leadership of the Great Leader the Chongryon Has Achieved Great Feats

Which will Shine Forever in the History of Struggle of Our People for Freedom and Independence of Fatherland and Liberation of People

Grand Pyongyang City Meeting Held in Celebration of 15th Anniversary of the Formation of the Chongryon

The formation of the Chongryon, he said, was a brilliant fruition of the immortal idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements, and his original line on solution of the question of the overseas compatriots and it was a historic event which brought about an epochal turn in the activities of the compatriots in Japan for defence of their democratic, national rights and promotion of the peaceful unification of the fatherland.

Looking back upon the proud path of struggle covered by the Chongryon in the past 15 years as the genuine organization of the Korean citizens in Japan under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, the reporter noted:

The course of proud victories traversed by the Chongryon has been a course of a worthy struggle for arming the compatriots in Japan with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, rallying them close around the Leader and bringing the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader to brilliant realization, smashing at every step the incessant subversive acts and sabotage of the reactionaries within and without.

The reporter pointed to the fact that from the first days after he started his revolutionary activities Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, took to heart closer than any other else the tragic plight of the overseas compatriots in Japan who were forced to live a bitter life of slavery in an alien land after losing the country, always looked after their life with warm paternal love and led the 15-year-long arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle along the one road of victory, finally accomplishing the historic cause of the restoration of the fatherland and delivering the compatriots in Japan from the cursed plight of a ruined nation once and for all.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, on the basis of the strong roots of the glorious revolutionary traditions personally established by him in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, founded the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the genuine fatherland of the 40 million Korean people, and has showed warm care for the 600,000 compatriots in Japan so that they could live as proudly as any others as legitimate overseas citizens of our Republic, the reporter noted.

He continued:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, though he is so busy with guiding the state affairs, indicated a new line of the movement of the Koreans in Japan when difficulties cropped up in the work and life of the compatriots in Japan and they encountered hardest ridge.

Saying that the Korean people should work for their fatherland in any place and at any time, the Leader taught the compatriots in Japan that though they live in an alien land they should thoroughly establish *Juche* and undertake patriotic work for the fatherland and struggle to firmly defend the democratic, national rights and promote the independent unification of the country.

In accordance with this programmatic line set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan was formed 15 years ago.

The formation of the Chongryon was an enormous victory of the great idea of *Juche* founded by the Leader and a great fruition of the brilliant revolutionary traditions personally established by him.

With the formation of the Chongryon, the unitary leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, over the movement of the Koreans in Japan was firmly established and the movement of the Koreans in Japan entered a stage of new development with its scientific fighting programme and work method based on the great idea of *Juche* of the Leader.

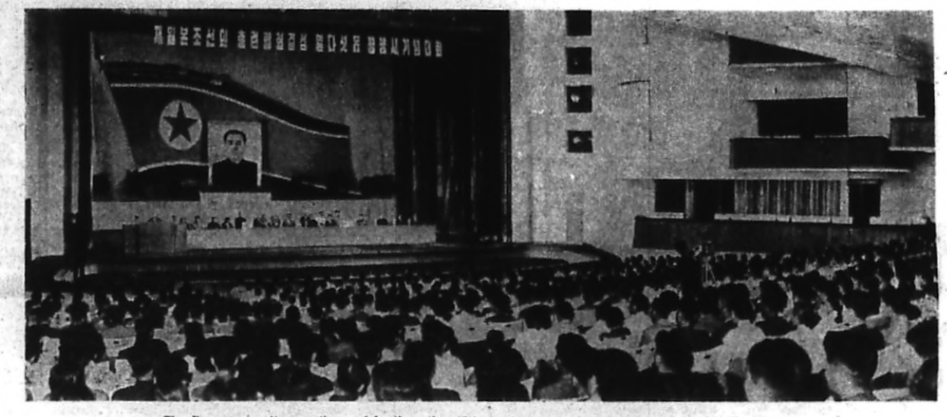
The Chongryon formed under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, and amid his paternal love has begun radically developing the patriotic work of the compatriots in Japan under the unitary leadership of the Leader, taking the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader, the immortal idea of *Juche*, as the only guiding idea governing its activities. Thus, the compatriots in Japan have been able to confidently advance for the prosperity and development of the socialist fatherland and independent unification of the fatherland without the slightest vacillation even under the difficult conditions of incessant malicious manoeuvres of subversion and sabotage of the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and South Korean puppet clique.

The reporter continued:

Over the last 15 years the Chongryon has been strengthened and developed into a massive, dignified and powerful organization and has displayed to the full the honour of being the successor to the glorious revolutionary traditions of our Party. This is a success made thanks to the brilliant implementation of the wise line of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, on building up the Chongryon into a mighty organisation of overseas citizens.

It is the first and foremost task put by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, before the Chongryon organisation to firmly build up the Chongryon organisationally and ideologically. In order to firmly build up the Chongryon organisationally and ideologically, all the functionaries and masses of the compatriots should be firmly armed with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung—the unitary ideology of our Party—and be united close around the Leader.

(Continued on Page 6)



The Pyongyang city meeting celebrating the 15th anniversary of the formation of the Chongryon

JOINT COMMUNIQUE

On the Visit of a Delegation of the Chilean Communist Party to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

A joint communique on the visit of a delegation of the Chilean Communist Party to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was issued in Pyongyang on May 20. Follows the joint communique:

A delegation of the Chilean Communist Party headed by Comrade Ollando Millas, Member of the Political Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Editor-in-Chief of **Principles**, theoretical organ of the Party, paid a friendship visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from May 12 to May 20, 1970, at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

During its visit the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party was received by Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

A friendly conversation took place on the occasion.

During its stay in Korea the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party looked around Mangyongdae, the cradle of the Korean revolution, and the Korean Revolution Museum and factories and educational and cultural institutions in Pyongyang, Kaesong and Hamhung cities and was accorded warm welcome and cordial hospitality by the Korean people everywhere it went.

Talks were held between the delegations of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Chilean Communist Party during the visit.

Present at the talks from the Workers' Party of Korea side were Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party; Comrade Choe Jung Guk, Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the WPK; and Comrade Kim Yong Nam, Vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the WPK.

Present from the Chilean Communist Party side were Comrade Ollando Millas, Member of the Political Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Editor-in-Chief of **Principles**, theoretical organ of the Party; Comrade Eliana Aumada, Member of the Central Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and First Secretary of the Cordillera District Committee, Santiago, of the Chilean Communist Party, and Comrade Fernando Ortiz, Member of the Central Committee of the Chilean Communist Party and Chairman of the Students Commission of the Party Central Committee.

At the talks the two sides informed each other of the situation of their respective countries and activities of their respective Parties and exchanged views on further developing the relations of friendship and co-operation between the two Parties and other questions of concern.

The talks proceeded in a comradely and friendly atmosphere.

The delegation of the Chilean Communist Party spoke highly of the Korean people who under the wise leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, have converted in a historically brief span of time their country into a developed socialist state with solid foundations of an independent national economy and a mighty whole-people defence system and brilliant national culture by creatively applying Marxism-Leninism to the specific conditions of Korea and are now effecting uninterrupted revolutionary upsurge in the struggle for the victory of socialism and communism.

The delegation of the Chilean Communist Party vehemently denounced the U.S. imperialists for intensifying the manoeuvres for provoking a new war against the northern half of the Republic, occupying a half of the land of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and manifested all-out support to and firm solidarity with the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people in their struggle for unifying the country with the efforts of the Korean people themselves on democratic principles and in a peaceful way.

The delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea actively supported and expressed firm solidarity with the Chilean Communist Party and the Chilean working class in their righteous struggle against the U.S. imperialists and the oligarchical forces at home and for the vital rights of the toiling masses and peace, democracy and socialism.

The delegation of the Workers' Party of Korea manifested support to and solidarity with the Latin American people in their struggle against the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and for the freedom and liberation and social progress and stressed that this struggle was a heavy blow at the aggressive policy of the U.S. imperialists and their colonial rule.

The two sides stressed in unison that the socialist countries, the international communist movement and all the anti-imperialist revolutionary forces of the world should unite close and fight more vigorously against imperialism, U.S. imperialism in particular, under the present conditions in which the imperialists headed by the U.S. imperialists are becoming ever more undisguised in their aggression and war manoeuvres in Indo-China, the Near and Middle East and the rest of the world.

The two sides bitterly denounced Japanese militarism which, having been revived today as a dangerous force of aggression in Asia under the zealous aegis of U.S. imperialism, is taking the road of aggression against Korea and other Asian countries in accordance with the new strategy of the U.S. imperialists to make Asians fight Asians and underscored the necessity of fighting Japanese militarism, while fighting U.S. imperialism.

The two sides sternly denounced the criminal war of aggression the U.S. imperialists are carrying on in Vietnam and manifested full support to and solidarity with the fraternal Vietnamese people in the heroic struggle against U.S. imperialist aggression and for national salvation which they are waging to liberate the South, defend the North and unify the fatherland.

The two sides sharply denounced the incessant aggression and provocative acts of the U.S. imperialists against the Republic of Cuba and expressed all-out support to and solidarity with the fraternal Cuban people in their heroic struggle for defending the motherland and the gains of the revolution and successfully building socialism.

The two sides expressed satisfaction over the results of the visit of the delegation of the Chilean Communist Party to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and considered that this visit would be greatly conducive to strengthening the relations of friendship and co-operation and class solidarity between the Communists and working classes of Korea and Chile in the joint struggle against imperialism and colonialism headed by U.S. imperialism and for peace, democracy and national independence and for the victory of the cause of socialism.

Delegation of Seym of Polish People's Republic Arrives

A delegation of the Seym of the Polish People's Republic arrived in Pyongyang on May 24 by air for a visit to our country at the invitation of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The delegation headed by Zenon Kliszko, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party, Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party and Vice-Chairman of the Seym of the Polish People's Republic, consists of Stefan Olszowski, Secretary of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party, and six others and suite members.

The delegation was met at the airport by Comrades Kim Gwang Hyop, So Chol and Han Ik Su; and Kang Ryang Uk, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly; Pak Shin Dok, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Religious Chongu Party; Li Gi Yong, Vice-Chairman of the SPA; Li Guk Ro, Choe Won Taek and Ko Jun Taek, Members of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front; Pak Mun Gyu, Secretary of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly; Kim Gyong Ryon, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations; Kye Ung Tae, Minister of Foreign Trade; Pak Min Su, Director of the Korean Central News Agency; Chu Hyon Ok, Chairman of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee; Kim Yong Nam, Vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; Kim Jae Bong, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs; and other functionaries of ministries, central organs and public organizations; and generals of the Korean People's Army and personages concerned.

It was also met by Jozef Dryglas, Ambassador, and staff members of the Polish Embassy and N.G. Sudarikov, Soviet Ambassador, in Pyongyang.

Little girls presented bouquets to the guests.

Delegation of Occupied Arabs Gulf People's Liberation Front Arrives

A delegation of the Occupied Arabs Gulf People's Liberation Front arrived in Pyongyang on May 24 by air for a visit to our country at the invitation of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The delegation headed by Comrade Said Ali, Member of the Executive Committee of the Central Committee of the Occupied Arabs Gulf People's Liberation Front, consists of Comrade Amir Ali, Member of the Executive Committee of the Central Committee of the Occupied Arabs Gulf People's Liberation Front, and Comrade Mohamed Al Abdula, Member of the Political Committee of its Central Committee.

It was met at the airfield by Comrade Kim Dong Gyu, Member of the Political Committee of the Central Committee of the WPK and Secretary of the Central Committee of the Party; and Kim Yun Son, Vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Little girls presented bouquets to the guests.

Pukchang Thermal Power Plant, Reliable Giant Power Base of the Country, Rises with Added Grandeur under the Wise Leadership of the Respected and Beloved Leader

The Pukchang Thermal Power Plant, one more monumental creation in the era of the Workers' Party, has sprung up with added grandeur under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

This thermal power plant which is being successfully built into a giant modern power base through the heroic endeavours of the Red builders who rushed to the construction site upholding the grand conception of the fatherly Leader for the development of the power industry of the country greatly contributes to consolidating the foundations of the independent national economy, accelerating the country's electrification and increasing electric power production.

The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Cabinet of the Republic sent a congratulatory message to the entire workers, technicians and office workers who have made brilliant labour achievements in the construction of the Pukchang Thermal Power Plant, holding high the instructions of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people.

A grand ceremony was held on the spot on May 23 for conveying the congratulatory message of the Central Committee of the Party and the Cabinet of the Republic.

Respectfully placed on the platform was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has been devoting his all to the struggle solely for the freedom and liberation of the people and the victory of the cause of socialism and communism, for over 40 years up to date since he set out on the road of the revolutionary struggle in his early age. Put up on its either side were the slogans "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!"

Seen in the open air meeting place were militant slogans reading: "Let us defend with our lives the Party Central Committee headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Let us thoroughly implement the on-the-spot instructions of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader!" "Let us greet the Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea with great revolutionary upsurge!" "We are living in an era of revolution. Let us work and live in a revolutionary way in a strained and mobilized posture!"

The meeting place was packed with large numbers of builders who rushed to the construction site upholding the teachings of the fatherly Leader and have given full play to their revolutionary zeal and creative talents and housewives who have actively helped them in their struggle.

The infinite pride of making revolution under the leadership of the great Leader could be read on the faces of the builders who were looking back with deep emotion on the days of the fruitful struggle, looking up at the grand Thermal Power Plant whose chimneys towering high in the sky were giving off volumes of white smoke and whose machines were busily humming.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, who brought to maturity the far-sighted plan for making the country rich and powerful and enabling our people to live well by exploring the inexhaustible natural resources embedded in the mountains and rivers of the 3000-ri land, already in the arduous days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, attached primary importance to the development of the power industry in each period of the development of the revolution after liberation and put forth a *Juche*-motivated original line for the development of the power industry. The Leader personally visited here in March 1961, chose the building site of a new giant power base and clearly indicated the direction and ways for its construction.

Since then on the fatherly Leader, so busy as he was with state affairs, has always acquainted himself with the construction of this power plant and with the living conditions of the builders and solved the knotty problems. The Leader visited the far away construction sites on several occasions, looked after the life of the builders down to details and led them to a new victory.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follows:

"Reckoning on the rich hydraulic resources and coal in our country, we should accelerate the construction of large-scale hydropower and thermal power plants and build many medium- and small-scale hydropower stations and factory thermal power stations everywhere, and thus further solidify the power bases of the country."

Since they came to the construction site of a new giant power base whose site was chosen in person by the fatherly Leader, upholding the great conception of the fatherly Leader who is always concerned for the development of the power industry of the country, the entire Red builders have armed themselves firmly with the unitary ideology of our Party by making a deep-going study of the works and teachings of the Leader to make them their flesh and blood and making it a rule in their life to study the revolutionary traditions and organised their work in a revolutionary way, courageously overcoming all sorts of difficulties and obstacles lying before them by following the indomitable revolutionary spirit of the anti-Japanese guerillas who were infinitely faithful to the Leader. In this way the Red builders have brought about new innovations day by day.

At this giant power base where the monumental buildings for the eternal prosperity of the nation have sprung up in all grandeur in a short span of time thanks to the heroic struggle of the Red power builders, electricity is now being produced uninterruptedly and sent to every nook and corner of the fatherland.

With the brilliant realisation of the grand plan of the respected and beloved Leader for building large hydropower and thermal power plants in parallel, the foundations of the powerful independent national economy of the country have been more firmly solidified and more electricity is regularly supplied to all fronts of socialist construction even in the dry season.

At the meeting which opened with the playing of the Patriotic Song Comrade Li Jong Ok read out the congratulatory message of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Cabinet of the Republic.

At that moment the meeting place broke into shouts "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the Workers' Party of Korea!"

All the attendants, unable to repress the feeling of boundless reverence and gratitude for Comrade Kim Il Sung, the fatherly Leader, who has reared them into Red power builders and led them to glory of today, renewed their firm resolution to arm themselves more thoroughly with the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader, bring earlier the commissioning of major buildings and normalise the operation of the already commissioned generating installations and carry out the yearly combat task before the historic Fifth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea by racing ahead at "Kangson speed," the new Chollima speed, upholding the line of the Party on constructing large-scale hydropower and thermal power plants in parallel, and thus continuously demonstrate the honour of being the true power-plant builders of the Leader.

A letter of pledge to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, was unanimously adopted at the meeting, which reflected the burning determination of the builders to demonstrate once again to the whole world the revolutionary stamina of the heroic Korean working class in the grandiose charge to scale all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan by making continuous innovation and uninterrupted advance in wholehearted response to the call of the Party and the Leader.

The meeting closed with the playing of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

(Continued from Page 5)

After quoting the teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, **"Under the guidance of the Chongryon, all the functionaries and compatriots in Japan have been firmly armed with the unitary ideology of our Party and rallied around it and the Government of the Republic still closer, and have displayed their honour of being inheritors of the glorious revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and consolidated the Chongryon organisation still more solidly,"** the reporter referred to the successes made by the Chongryon in its work of firmly building up its organisation, expanding and reinforcing its mass basis and enhancing the functions and role of the organs of all levels under the Chongryon and improving the method of work of functionaries.

Saying that the struggle for defending the democratic, national rights of the compatriots in Japan is an important and basic task in the activities of the Chongryon, the reporter referred in detail to the successes the Chongryon functionaries and compatriots in Japan have made in the struggle for achieving the freedom of activities of the Chongryon and compatriots and their right to existence and freedom of business activity, developing the democratic, national education, defending the sea route of repatriation and winning the freedom of travel to and from the homeland, upholding the programmatic fighting line on struggling in defence of the democratic, national rights put forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

The reporter said that from the first days of its founding the Chongryon put it forth as its basic task to chase the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of South Korea and achieve the independent, peaceful unification of the fatherland and has made consistent efforts for its realization.

He quoted the following instruction of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader:

"The unification of the fatherland is the urgent supreme task of our nation which brooks no delay even a moment.

"It is an inalienable, sacred national right for all the Koreans to fight to do away with the tragedy of territorial division and national split and achieve the country's unification.

"The Chongryon should strengthen the work of national unity among the compatriots in Japan to rally close all the patriotic forces, and wage a more vigorous anti-U.S. imperialist, national-salvation struggle for expediting the independent unification of our fatherland."

The reporter recalled that upholding this teaching of the respected and beloved Leader, the Chongryon exposed and denounced at every step the harsh colonial military fascist rule of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their lackeys, over South Korea and their criminal manoeuvres for provoking a new war and waged a vigorous struggle for forcing the U.S. imperialist aggression troops out of South Korea and making a clean sweep of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and, at the same time, struggled relentlessly against the scheming of the Japanese militarists revived under the aegis of the U.S. imperialists, to stage a comeback to South Korea.

The reporter also pointed to the fact that the Chongryon, while vigorously struggling for the promotion of the independent unification of the fatherland, has conducted brisk external activities guided by the independent and principled foreign policy of our Party and the Government of the Republic, the embodiment of the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

All the tremendous achievements made by the Chongryon over the last 15 years are a victory of the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, and a fruition of his wise leadership and paternal solicitude, the reporter stressed.

The reporter continued:

The idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, has displayed its tremendous vitality through the movement of the Koreans in Japan and the patriotic activities of the Chongryon and served as a fundamental source of all the successes made by the Chongryon in its work.

The reporter referred in detail to the fact that Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, has always led the just struggle of the compatriots in Japan for defending democratic, national rights along the one road of victory in conformity with the requirements of the movement of Koreans in Japan and showed them deep fatherly love.

And the reporter pointed out that the struggle which the Chongryon and the Korean nationals in Japan have waged vigorously under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, for defence of their democratic, national rights and for the national prosperity and the unification of the fatherland, is an entirely righteous, patriotic struggle.

He sharply condemned with surging national indignation the reactionary Sato clique of Japan for their intensifying brutal suppression and persecution of the Chongryon and the compatriots in Japan.

Dwelling on the tasks for defending the democratic, national rights of the compatriots in Japan and supporting and encouraging their righteous, patriotic struggle, the reporter stressed:

For the fulfilment of these honourable tasks, the entire people should, above all, arm themselves more firmly with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the unitary ideology of our Party, and deeply study and grasp the great revolutionary ideas of the Leader and the Party policies, their embodiment, and his glorious and brilliant revolutionary history and thus steadily revolutionize and working-classize themselves and in this course prepare themselves as true revolutionary soldiers who defend the Leader politically and ideologically and with their lives, not vacillating in the least in any adversity.

Only victory and glory are in store for the Korean people and the compatriots in Japan who are vigorously advancing, rallied close around Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, upholding his wise leadership.

The attendants of the celebration renewed their firm determination to remain loyal to the end to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution and the sun of the nation, and keep his great revolutionary ideas in bloom generation after generation and fight staunchly under the wise leadership of the Leader for the complete victory of socialism and the independent unification of the fatherland.

The attendants of the celebration expressed their firm resolve to render more powerful support and encouragement to the struggle the Chongryon and compatriots in Japan are waging against the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries and arch traitor Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, to defend all the democratic, national rights and promote national unification, upholding the line of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, on the movement of Koreans in Japan.

The celebration closed with the playing of the Patriotic Song.

The meeting was followed by an art performance.

In the meantime, lectures were widely given in various parts of the Republic on the occasion of the 15th anniversary of the formation of the Chongryon.

And photo exhibitions were held in Pyongyang and all the provincial capitals.

Meanwhile, the people in the homeland sent the Chongryon and the compatriots in Japan gifts, congratulatory flags and messages carrying the warm feelings of the brothers with the same blood.

The Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the D.P.R.K. awarded orders and medals to the functionaries of the Chongryon and patriotic-minded Korean traders and industrialists in Japan for their great contributions to firmly establishing the unitary ideological system of the Workers' Party of Korea among the 600,000 Korean nationals in Japan rallying them closely around the Leader, defending their democratic, national rights and hastening the independent unification of the fatherland, upholding the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

In accordance with a decree of the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly, 33 of them were awarded Order of National Flag the Second Class, 288 Order of National Flag the Third Class, and 609 Medal of Merits.

Ambassador and Staff Members of DPRK Embassy Return Home from Cambodia,

Frustrating Sinister Obstructive Manoeuvres of U.S. Imperialism and Its Stooge, Phnom Penh Reactionary Authorities

Kim Un Hwan, Ambassador of our country, and the whole staff of our embassy who withdrew from Phnom Penh, decisively frustrating the despicable obstructive machinations of U.S. imperialism and its stooge, Lon Nol-Sirik Matak clique, returned to Pyongyang by air on May 28.

As publicly known, the Government of the Republic pungently denounced the U.S. imperialists for having staged a reactionary coup by instigating the right-wing reactionary forces of Cambodia with a dirty aim to wantonly trample underfoot the independence, neutrality and sovereignty of Cambodia and turn her into their colony and military base, and declared that it recognizes only the Kingdom of Cambodia under the Leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea, and took the resolute step of withdrawing the ambassador of our country and the whole staff of our embassy from Phnom Penh.

This independent step of the Government of the Republic is a just measure no one is allowed to bar. Nevertheless, the U.S. imperialists and their stooges detained the staff of the embassy of our country and despicably obstructed them from withdrawing.

However, the whole staff of our embassy persistently struggled against the villains' sinister plot and smashed the enemy's scheming. Thus, today they proudly returned to their longed-for fatherland, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The fatherland warmly met them who, cherishing in their hearts the honour of being revolutionary soldiers of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, fought in firm defence of the dignity of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea crushing the sinister machinations of the enemy in an alien land thousands of kilometres away from the fatherland across rivers and mountains.

Comrades Kim Gwang Hyop and Kim Dong Gyu; and Kye Ung Tae, Minister of Foreign Trade; Kim Gyong Ryon, Chairman of the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations; Ho Dam, First Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs; Kim Yun Son, Vice-Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; generals of the Korean People's Army and department directors of the Foreign Ministry, Ministry of Foreign Trade and the Committee for Foreign Economic Relations and other personages concerned warmly shook hands with the party and congratulated them on their success in the struggle.

They were also met at the airport by Li Yun-chuan, Ambassador, and staff members, of the embassy of the People's Republic of China; Vu Ngoc Ho, Ambassador, and staff members, of the embassy of the Republic of South Vietnam; Ang Kim Khoam, Ambassador of the Kingdom of Cambodia under the Leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea; Tran Van Thanh, Charge d'Affaires ad Interim, and staff members, of the embassy of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam; and other diplomats in our country.

Working women in the city presented them with bunches of flowers conveying the militant congratulations of our people to them on their triumphant return after decisively frustrating the vicious manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists and the Phnom Penh reactionary authorities.

Korean People Will Never Tolerate Japanese Militarists Who Are Stepping Up Repressions against Korean Citizens in Japan and Undisguisedly Pursuing Hostile Policy towards DPRK in Conspiracy with U.S. Imperialists

DPRK Foreign Ministry Issues Statement

The Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on May 23 in denunciation of the Sato government of Japan which is of late all the more stepping up the hostile policy towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, while trampling underfoot the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan and undisguisedly committing illegal suppression and persecution of them.

The full text of the statement reads:

The Sato government of Japan has recently been all the more stepping up its hostile policy towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, while trampling underfoot the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan and undisguisedly committing illegal suppression and persecution of them.

The Japanese authorities which are always bent on suppressing the Korean citizens in Japan committed on May 14 one more grave provocative violence on teachers and staff members of the Korean University in Tokyo.

That day, the Kodaira police authorities under the Tokyo metropolitan police office instigated the fascist gangsters of the so-called "International Anti-communist League" to storm into the Korean University and run riot. Then they mobilized over 50 mobile policemen to commit violence on teachers and staff members of the university at random, wielding police clubs, and perpetrated the outrage of arresting Nam Sung U, teacher of this university.

This base, sinister violence on teachers and staff members of the Korean University constitutes an intolerable challenge to the 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan and flagrant violation of international law and elementary human right.

This is an evident manifestation of the hostile policy stepped up systematically by the Sato government of Japan towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people resolutely denounce with surging indignation the Sato government of Japan for such criminal act.

It is an unavoidable legal and moral obligation of the Japanese government to ensure democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan, proud overseas citizens of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

This notwithstanding, the Japanese government is constantly enforcing national discrimination against the Korean citizens in Japan, mobilizing the suppressive tools and right-wing fascist terrorists to suppress and bestially kill them and giving great threats even to their daily life and resorting to all sorts of machinations for obstructing the enforcement of the democratic, national education of the Korean citizens in Japan.

This is not the first provocation against the Korean University. In October, 1967, the Japanese militarists also committed the outrageous provocative acts of mobilizing scores of fully armed men of the Japanese ground "self-defense forces" to stage a military exercise with the buildings of the Korean University and its teachers and staff members as a target.

Besides, the Japanese militarists committed innumerable outrages of habitually raiding, destroying and setting fire to Korean schools in Japan and killing or wounding, arresting and detaining Korean teachers and students.

Such outrages of the Japanese militarists are a link in the chain of the machination to violate the democratic, national rights of the Korean citizens in Japan and speed up militaristic fascistization at home.

And the Sato government of Japan has not only arrested and detained for nearly one year youth Chong Hun Sang, former South Korean puppet army soldier who cast away the disgraceful service in the South Korean puppet army and crossed to Japan to come over to the northern half of the Republic for living, but is staging criminal "trials" in a vicious attempt to hand him over to South Korea where only death is awaiting him.

Youth Chong Hun Sang cast away the disgraceful service in the South Korean puppet army and got out of South Korea, which has been reduced into a living hell due to the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism, with the intention of seeking a happy life in the northern half of the Republic. This is his due right which no one should violate.

The intrigue of the Japanese authorities to hand youth Chong Hun Sang over to the Pak Jung Hi murderous bandits by staging "trials" and the like is an inhumane criminal act never to be condoned.

The attempt of the Sato government of Japan to hand over to the South Korean puppets youth Chong Hun Sang who desires to be embraced in the bosom of the Republic, after keeping him in custody and inflicting persecution upon him for a long period stems from its antagonism against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and its intention to tighten the political tie-up with the South Korean puppet clique.

Since the Nixon-Sato talks in November last year the Japanese militarists have been all the more recklessly running riot to speed up fascistization at home, tighten the military and political compact with the South Korean puppets and widen the road of reinvasion of South Korea so they may come to the fore as the "shock-force" in the U.S. imperialists' Asian aggression.

The Korean people will never tolerate the Japanese militarists who are stepping up repressions against the Korean citizens in Japan and undisguisedly pursuing the hostile policy towards the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in conspiracy with the U.S. imperialists.

The Sato government of Japan should immediately stop all sorts of persecution and suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan and ensure them democratic, national rights unconditionally and totally.

The Japanese government should severely punish the Kodaira police authorities who committed violence on teachers and staff members of the Korean University and take immediate steps lest such provocative acts should be repeated.

And the Japanese authorities should give up at once the criminal "trial" farce against youth Chong Hun Sang and unconditionally repatriate him to the northern half of the Republic as he wishes in accordance with international law and humanitarian principles.

If the Sato government of Japan intensifies the fascist suppression of the Korean citizens in Japan and persists in the moves to trample underfoot their democratic, national rights in defiance of the repeated warnings and just demand of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, it will be held entirely responsible for all the consequences arising therefrom and will not escape severe judgement.

Japanese Militarists' Schemes for Reinvasion of South Korea Reach Reckless Stage

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught as follows:

"The Japanese militarists, dreaming of regaining their old position, are now worming their way into South Korea again with the backing of U.S. imperialism, and emerging as a dangerous force of aggression." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 390.)

The recent tête-à-tête held in Tokyo between the reactionary Sato clique and the South Korean puppet prime minister shows again that the machination of the Japanese militarist forces for reinvasion of South Korea has reached a very grave stage.

At this confidential talk held on May 21, the reactionary Sato clique jabbered about the notorious "community of destinies of Japan and South Korea", saying "the security of South Korea is directly linked up with that of Japan" and assured that they would give "immediate assistance" to the South Korean puppets in case the U.S. imperialists provoke a war in Korea. On the other hand they made much ado about the necessity of promoting their "co-operation" for the South Korean economy.

This clearly proves the fact that the Japanese militarists are further intensifying their scheme for reinvasion of South Korea with every passing day.

The reinvasion of South Korea by the Japanese militarist forces is a product of the new, aggressive tie-up between U.S. and Japanese imperialism and is a concrete manifestation of the traditional, strategic plan of Japanese militarism to invade Korea first and then the whole of Asia with Korea as a stepping stone. Their reinvasion of South Korea is being stepped up in full force ever since the concoction of the "South Korea-Japan agreements" in 1965.

In South Korea the Japanese militarists have already occupied the dominating position next to the U.S. imperialists in various fields of politics, economy and culture. And they are behaving as the second "master."

The fact that at the recent tête-à-tête the Sato clique croaked about their readiness to co-operate with U.S. imperialism in case the latter unleashes a war in Korea shows what a reckless stage their aggressive ambition has reached, an ambition to regain their old position as the colonial ruler in Korea by actively serving the war policy of U.S. imperialism and carrying on military aggression against the Korean people.

The outburst of the Sato clique to promote "economic co-operation" with the South Korean puppets is nothing but a revelation of their intention to infiltrate monopoly capital into South Korea on a more extensive scale and fortify their foothold for aggression on the one hand and on the other to accelerate their political and military infiltration.

The ever-intensified intrigue of the Japanese militarists for reinvasion of South Korea is closely linked up with the deepening crisis of the U.S. imperialist colonial rule in South Korea. The U.S. imperialists are trying hard to tide over the crisis by dragging the Japanese militarist aggressor forces, the junior ally, into South Korea to step up their policy of aggression and war.

At the recent tête-à-tête too, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the double stooges of U.S. imperialism and Japanese militarism, buttering up to their old master the Japanese militarists according to the aggressive demand of U.S. imperialism, showed again their despicable nature as traitors to the nation.

Today the Japanese militarists behave rashly trying to make even a military venture against the Korean people. This is not only because the U.S. imperialists are wirepulling the Japanese militarists from behind but also because they are using the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, the dirty traitors to the nation, as their guide for aggression.

The indiscreet manoeuvre of the Japanese militarists, however, is no more than a reckless frenzy of those who are blinded with aggressive ambition.

The Korean people of today are no longer the Korean people of yesterday. Our people who are enjoying the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and military strategist-genius, and are rallied rock-firm around him are fully prepared to beat back any invasion of the enemy at a stroke.

The Japanese militarists must look straight at the realities and must not behave rashly.

If the Japanese militarists, with no heed to the warning of our people, continue to partake in the implementation of the U.S. imperialist policy of aggression and doggedly follow the road of reckless aggression and war against the Korean people stretching out their tentacles of aggression over South Korea, they will be unable to escape more ignominious defeat than in the past.

Kim Pyong

Korean People Will Always March Forward Hand in Hand with Sudanese People

Pyongyang City Meeting Marks First Anniversary of Victory of May Revolution in Democratic Republic of the Sudan

On the evening of May 25, a Pyongyang city meeting was held at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre in celebration of the first anniversary of the victory of the May revolution in the Democratic Republic of the Sudan.

Hanging side by side on the background of the platform of the meeting hall were the national flags of our country and the Sudan.

Present at the meeting together with working people in the city were Comrade Chong Jun Taek; Pak Yong Sun, Minister of Communications; Chin Mun Dok, Minister of City Administration; and other functionaries of state organs and public organizations.

Invited to the meeting were Mohamed Bashir Mohamed, Assistant Deputy Minister for Youth and Public Affairs, who is the deputy head of the government friendship delegation of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, and part of the members of the delegation now staying in our country.

Chong Song Il, Vice-Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee, took the floor on the occasion.

He said that the victory in the May revolution and the proclamation of the democratic republic in the Sudan wrote a new page in the history of the Sudanese people. And he warmly congratulated the Sudanese people on the great successes they have registered after the triumph of the revolution under the correct leadership of the Revolutionary Council with His Excellency Gaafar Mohamed Nimeri as its President, and the Government, of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan in their struggle for the independent development of the country, shattering at every step the subversive intrigues of the imperialists and their lackeys.

Holding high the revolutionary banner of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. imperialist struggle, the speaker stressed in conclusion, the Korean people will march forward as ever, shoulder to shoulder with the Sudanese people, in the common struggle for the consolidation of the national independence and the independent development of the country.

The Pyongyang city meeting marking the first anniversary of the victory of May revolution in the Democratic Republic of the Sudan

Mohamed Bashir Mohamed, deputy head of the government friendship delegation of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan, spoke next.

He said that they came to Korea all the way from the Sudan of May in the heart of Africa astir with revolution in order to convey the greetings of the Sudanese people to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the inspirer of the Korean revolution and great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and to the fraternal Korean people. Then he spoke highly of the successes the Korean people have scored in the revolution and construction.

He said emphatically that they extend sincere congratulations to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Leader of the Korean people, the inspirer of victory and the great Chief, who leads the Korean people most skillfully and sagaciously to the struggle against colonialism and for socialist construction.

The revolution of our two countries, he noted, has gained in strength and scope in the thick of the long-fought struggle for the accomplishment of the common cause.

The meeting was followed by an art performance.

Meanwhile, a photo exhibition and film show were held on the evening of May 26 at the Chollima House of Culture in celebration of the first anniversary of the victory of the May revolution of the Democratic Republic of the Sudan.

U.S. Imperialism, Stop Reckless War Escalation Scheme and Quit Laos!

The brigandish armed intervention of U.S. imperialism against the Laotian people is further being intensified with every passing day.

Recently alone, the U.S. imperialists hurled into the Laotian front their aggressive force over 15,000 strong, more than 5,000 Thai puppet mercenaries and large unit of the South Vietnamese puppet army to launch new invading operation. On the other hand, they carried out barbarous indiscriminate air-raids on the liberated areas and fronts in Laos several hundred or more than one thousand times a day by mobilizing "B-52" strategic bombers and many other air pirates.

This brigandish aggressive act of the U.S. imperialists is an unpardonable criminal act that spreads the flames of aggressive war to a more foolhardy extent in Indo-China and it means a new war escalation of an extremely serious nature.

U.S. imperialism is the wrecker of the independence, neutrality and territorial integrity of the Laotian people and is the sworn enemy of the entire Indo-Chinese peoples.

The Korean people scathingly condemn with surging indignation U.S. imperialism for its criminal war escalation and savage murderous atrocities against the fraternal Laotian people, and voice active support to the just stand and demand of the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front clarified in its May 17 statement.

In his telegram addressed to the recent International Conference of Support to the Struggle of the Laotian People against U.S. Imperialist Aggression held in Cairo, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean poeple, pointed out as follows:

"The U.S. imperialists are expanding their war of aggression in Laos with every passing day, bringing in their aggression army and troops of their satellite countries there in gross violation of the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos and simultaneously they are further intensifying their war of aggression against the Vietnamese people and have newly committed an armed invasion of Cambodia on a large scale, thereby spreading the flames of war to the whole areas of Indo-China."

Through the frantic expansion of their aggressive war against Laos the U.S. imperialists are pursuing a heinous aim intended to abolish the liberated areas in Laos and convert her into their colony, into their military strategic springboard for aggressive war in Indo-China. Besides, they are viciously seeking to engulf the whole of Indo-China in a sea of fire in the aggressive war, undermine the cause of the peoples of this region for their national independence and progress, place Indo-China under their domination and control and turn it into a base against other revolutionary forces in Asia.

The U.S. imperialists have systematically and villainously been manoeuvring to realize their avaricious desire as mentioned above.

They started an armed intervention in Laos under the name of the so-called "military aid" to the Laotian puppet clique, "training" and "assistance to the rear" in flagrant violation of the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos. No sooner had the U.S. imperialists failed in their armed intervention due to the patriotic struggle of the Laotian people than the scoundrels went over to a large-scale bombing of the Laotian territory in 1964 under the guise of the so-called "aerial support" and, at the same time, went so far as to conduct large-scale operations against the Laotian patriotic forces by putting their ground units and the Thai puppet troops into action.

The U.S. imperialists are further stepping up their aggressive war against the Vietnamese people. They have embarked on the road of committing a fresh large-scale armed invasion against Cambodia, thereby savagely attacking the Cambodian patriotic forces.

This clearly shows that the U.S. imperialists are none other than the systematic wrecker of the 1954 Geneva Agreements on Indo-China and the 1962 Geneva Agreements on Laos and none other than the main culprit who has been expanding aggression and diabolical war of wholesale destruction against Laos step by step.

The more the U.S. imperialists expand aggression and war against the Laotian people and the Indo-Chinese peoples, the more ignominious defeat will they sustain.

Today the Laotian patriotic armed forces and the people are filled with the firm determination to fight against the U.S. imperialists and their servitors to the end, rallied closer than ever before around the Laotian Patriotic Front, and their might is growing in scope and intensity. The peace-loving peoples the world over stand firm on the side of the Laotian people.

The recent International Conference of Support to the Struggle of the Laotian People against U.S. Imperialist Aggression held in Cairo with the participation of the representatives of our country, other 50 countries or so and international organizations is a clear manifestation of the ever-growing international solidarity with the fighting Laotian people.

In the future, too, as in the past, the Korean people will stand foursquare behind the Laotian people fighting against the U.S. imperialists and their henchmen and do everything in their power to support their just struggle.

U.S. imperialism must immediately stop the burglarious armed intervention and barbarous bombing of Laos and take their blood-stained hands of aggression off Laos without delay.

The U.S. imperialists will find themselves unable to escape a still greater defeat and shameful death, if they continue their brigandish armed intervention against the Laotian people and cling to the reckless machination to spread the flames of war to the whole of Indo-China, despite of the strong denunciation of the Laotian people and peace-loving peoples of the whole world.

52nd Anniversary of Independence of Afghanistan

The 52nd anniversary of the independence of Afghanistan falls on May 27. The Afghan people won the independence of their country that day 52 years ago, extricating themselves from the cursed colonial rule by the British imperialists that had lasted for nearly half a century.

The Korean people, on this day, extend warm congratulations and greetings to the Afghan people.

The independence of their country was a priceless gain made by the Afghan people through their long drawn-out struggle against the foreign aggressors, and it was a historical event of tremendous significance in their life.

The political independence won by the Afghan people was followed by their persevering struggle for liquidating the vile aftermath of the colonial rule, developing their national economy and consolidating the independence. Great success was made in this course.

In Afghanistan, the first and second five-year plans were carried out since 1956 and the third one has been afoot since 1967, with the result that a large number of factories and enterprises were newly built, the educational, cultural and public health service establishments and means of transport grew in number and agricultural output increased markedly.

The Korean people heartily rejoice over the successes the Afghan people scored in the building of a new life, opposing imperialism and colonialism and consolidating the national independence with the resolve never to repeat the past when they were reduced to the colonial slavery, and warmly congratulate them on their successes.

The government and people of Afghanistan pursue the anti-imperialist, peace-loving and neutral foreign policy; they are opposed to the policy of aggression and war enforced by the imperialists and colonialists everywhere in the world, and give support to the oppressed peoples in their liberation struggle and to the peoples in various countries in their struggle for peace, democracy and social progress.

Such progressive home and foreign policies followed by the government and people of Afghanistan not only conform with the development and interests of their own country but also contribute to strengthening the anti-imperialist forces and prove a blow to the imperialists and colonialists' policy of aggression and war.

That is why the imperialists and colonialists headed by U.S. imperialism are craftily scheming to distract Afghanistan from the path of neutrality. The U.S. imperialists have long sought to turn Afghanistan into a military base for their aggression and draw her into the Seato, an aggressive military bloc, by hook or by crook.

However, the Afghan people who had long suffered under the colonial rule and been awakened in the course of their struggle, frustrated the manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism and have continued to advance along the path of independence and neutrality.

Today the friendly Afghan people congratulate the Korean people on the achievements they have made in the socialist revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, and advocate the reasonable solution of the Korean question, actively supporting the line of our people's independent, peaceful unification.

The relations of friendship and co-operation have already been formed between the peoples of Korea and Afghanistan, which grow in strength and scope with every passing day.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught:

"The Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic positively support the peoples of all newly-independent countries in their struggle to consolidate national independence and bring about national prosperity. We shall continue to endeavor for the promotion of our relations of friendship and co-operation with newly-independent nations." (Kim Il Sung, *Selected Works*, Vol. IV, p. 333.)

As hitherto, so in future, the Korean people will give an active support to the Afghan people in their struggle against imperialism and colonialism and for the consolidation of national independence, and will exert every effort to develop the relations of friendship with them.

The Korean people wish a greater fresh success to the Afghan people marking this significant national holiday.

Pak Ung Gil

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